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APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

THIRD SEMESTER B.TECH DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2018

Course Code: EE201

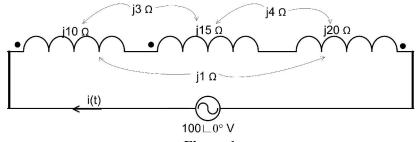
Course Name: CIRCUITS AND NETWORKS (EE)

Max. Marks: 100 Duration: 3 Hours

PART A

Answer all questions, each carries 5 marks Marks

- 1 Stat and explain reciprocity theorem. (5)
- Write down the properties of incidence matrix. (5)
- If an RLC series circuit is energised by a 10V DC source at t=0 sec. Draw the expected graph of the following circuit variables under different damping conditions:
 - i) The current through the circuit ii) Voltage across the capacitor.
- Find the current through circuit shown in Fig. 1. (5)



- Figure 1
- 5 Derive the condition for symmetry and reciprocity of Y-parameters. (5)
- 6 What is h-parameters? Why they are called hybrid parameters? (5)
- What is the differentiate between network analysis and synthesis. (5)
- 8 State the properties of LC driving point immittance function. (5)

PART B

Answer any two full questions, each carries 10 marks

- For the circuit shown in Fig. 2 find the value of R_L that absorbs maximum (10) power from the circuit and the corresponding power under this condition.
- For the network shown in Fig. 3, draw the oriented graph, write the tie-set (10) schedule and hence obtain the equilibrium equations on loop basis. Calculate the values of branch current and branch voltages.

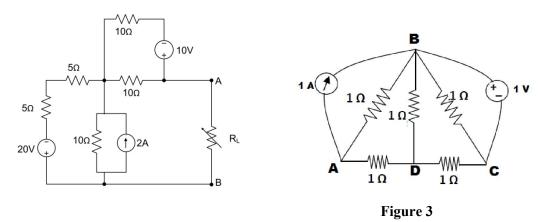
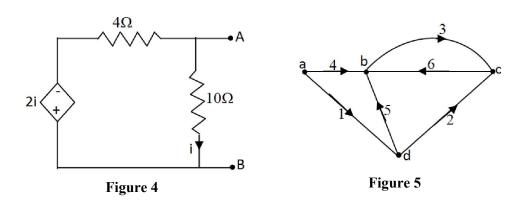


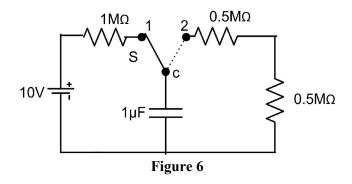
Figure 2

- 11 (a) Draw the Norton's equivalent circuit and Thevenin's equivalent circuit of (5) Fig. 4.
 - (b) Obtain basic cutset matrix for the oriented graph shown in Fig. 5. Take 1,2,3 as (5) twigs.

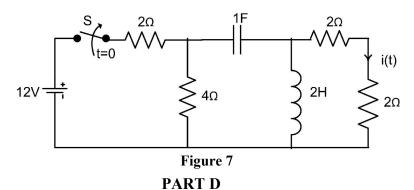


PART C
Answer any two full questions, each carries 10 marks

For the circuit shown in Fig.6 , the DPDT switch at position 2 for a long time. (10) At t=0 sec. contact is moved from position 2 to 1 and at t= 10 sec. the contact is moved from 1 to 2. Derive a expression for the $i_C(t)$ and $v_C(t)$ in both cases. Plot variation of $i_C(t)$ and $v_C(t)$.



- Find the expression for the current through the inductor $i_L(t)$ in a parallel RLC (10) (three branch) circuit when a step input of I amperes is applied across it at time t = 0. Assume all initial conditions are zero. Apply Laplace transform technique.
- The switch S in the circuit of Fig. 7 is in the closed position for long time. At (10) t=0, the switch opens. Find the expression for the current using Laplace transform.



Answer any twofull questions, each carries 10 marks

(10)

Obtain the z parameters for the network in Fig. 8 as functions of s.

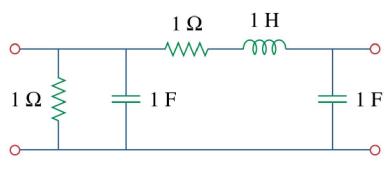


Figure 8

- 16 a) The Z- parameters of a two port network are Z_{11} = 10 Ω , Z_{22} =15 Ω , Z_{12} = Z_{21} =5 Ω . (6) Find the equivalent T-network and ABCD parameters
 - b) Test whether the polynomial $P(s)=s^4+s^3+3s^2+2s+12$ is Hurwitz (4)
- 17 a) Point out the difference in the philosophy between Foster and Cauer form of (4) synthesis of a given driving point impedance
 - b) The driving point impedance of a circuit is (6)

$$Z(s) = \frac{2(s^2 + 1)(s^2 + 3)}{s(s^2 + 2)}$$

Realize the given impedance function Z(s)as a Cauer's first form.
