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APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

First Semester B.Tech Degree Regular and Supplementary Examination December 2020 (2019 Scheme)

Course Code: MAT101 Course Name: LINEAR ALGEBRA AND CALCULUS (2019 Scheme)

Max. Marks: 100 Duration: 3 Hours

PART A

Answer all questions, each carries 3 marks.

- Determine the rank of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 3 & -2 \\ 2 & 4 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$ (3)
- Show that the quadratic form $4x^2 + 12xy + 13y^2$ is positive definite. (3)
- If $z = \sin(y^2 4x)$ find the rate of change of z with respect to x at the point (3) with y held fixed.
- 4 Find $\frac{dz}{dt}$ by chain rule, where $z = 3x^2 y^2$, $x = t^4$, $y = t^3$ (3)
- Find the mass of the lamina with density function x^2 which is bounded by y = x and $y = x^2$.
- Evaluate $\iint_R y^2 x dA$ over the region $R = \{(x, y), -3 \le x \le 2, 0 \le y \le 1\}$ (3)
- 7 Test the convergence of the series $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{k}{100}\right)^k$ (3)
- 8 Does the series $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{-3}{4}\right)^k$ converge? If so, find the sum. (3)
- Find the binomial series for $f(x) = (1+x)^{1/3}$ up to third degree term. (3)
- Find the Maclaurin's series of $f(x) = \log(1+x)$ up to third degree term. (3)

PART B

Answer one full question from each module, each question carries 14 marks

Module-I

11 a) Solve the following linear system of equations using Gauss elimination (7) method. x + y + z = 6, x + 2y - 3z = -4, -x - 4y + 9z = 18

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b) Find eigen values and eigen vectors of the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 \\ -1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \tag{7}$$

12 a) Show that the equations:

$$x + y + z = a$$
, $3x + 4y + 5z = b$, $2x + 3y + 4z = c$

(i) have no solution if
$$a = b = c = 1$$
 (7)

(ii)have many solutions if $a = \frac{b}{2} = c = 1$

b) Find the matrix of transformation that diagonalize the matrix (7)

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -2 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$
 Also, find the diagonal matrix.

Module-II

a) Find the local linear approximation of $\frac{4y}{x+z}$ at (1,1,1) (7)

b) Find the absolute extrema of the function $f(x,y) = x^2 - 3y^2 - 2x + 6y$ over the square region with vertices (0,0), (0,2), (2,2) and (2,0).

14 a) If $u = f\left(\frac{x}{y}, \frac{y}{z}, \frac{z}{x}\right)$ find the value of $x\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + z\frac{\partial u}{\partial z}$. (7)

b) Locate all relative extrema of $f(x,y) = 2xy - x^3 - y^2$ (7)

Module-III

15 a) Use double integrals to find the area of the region enclosed between the parabola $2y = x^2$ and the line y = 2x

b) Find the volume of the solid in the first octant bounded by the coordinate planes and the plane x + 2y + z = 6. (7)

16
a) Change the order of integration and hence evaluate $\int_{0}^{4} \int_{\frac{x^{2}}{4}}^{2\sqrt{x}} dy dx$ (7)

b) Evaluate $\iint_G z \, dV$, where **G** is the wedge in the first octant cut off from the cylindrical solid $y^2 + z^2 \le 1$ and the planes y = x and x = 0.

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Module-IV

17 a) Test the convergence of the series

$$1 + \frac{1.3}{3!} + \frac{1.3.5}{5!} + \frac{1.3.5.7}{7!} + \dots$$
 (7)

- b) Find the sum of the series $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k(k+1)}$ (7)
- 18 a) Test the convergence of (i) $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{k!}{3! (k-1)! 3^k}$ (ii) $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{4k-5}{2k+1}\right)^k$ (7)
 - b) Test the absolute or conditional convergence of $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{k+1} k^2}{k^3 + 1}$ (7)

Module-V

- 19 a) Expand into a Fourier series, $f(x) = e^{-x}$, $0 < x < 2\pi$ (7)
 - b) Find the half range cosine series for $f(x) = (x-1)^2$ in $0 \le x \le 1$.
- 20 a) Find the Fourier series of the function f(x) = |x| in $-1 \le x \le 1$ (7)
 - b) Find the Fourier sine series of $f(x) = x \cos x$ in $0 < x < \pi$ (7)