

B.TECH. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2016**Fourth Semester****EN 010 401—ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS—III**

(New Scheme—2010 Admission onwards)

[Regular/Improvement/Supplementary]

[Common for all branches]

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 100 Marks

Part A

Answer all questions.

Each question carries 3 marks.

1. Find the fourier series of $f(x) = x(2l - x)$ in $(0, 2l)$.
2. Find the Fourier Cosine Transform of e^{-ax} , $(a > 0)$.
3. Form the partial differential equation by eliminating the arbitrary function 'f' from $f(x - y, x^2 + y^2) = 0$.
4. Find the binomial distribution which has mean 2 and variance $4/3$.
5. Define type I and type II error.

(5 × 3 = 15 marks)

Part B

Answer all questions.

Each question carries 5 marks.

6. Find the Fourier series expansion of $f(x) = x^2 + x$ in $(-2, 2)$.
7. Find the Fourier transform of unit step function.
8. Solve $x^4 p^2 - yzq - z^2 = 0$.
9. A random variable X has a Poisson distribution of $\sqrt{2}$ $P(X \leq 1) = P(X \leq 2)$ find $P(X = 0)$.
10. A random sample is taken from a normal population with mean 30 and standard deviation 4. How large a sample should be taken of the sample is to be between 25 and 35 with probability 0.98 ?

(5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Turn over

Part C

Answer all questions.

Each full question carries 12 marks.

11. Find the Fourier series
- $f(x) = |\cos x|$
- in
- $-\pi \leq x \leq \pi$
- .

Or

12. Find the Fourier series expansion of:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 < x < 1 \\ 2, & 1 < x < 3. \end{cases}$$

13. Find the Fourier Transform of
- $f(x)$
- if:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 - |x| & |x| < 1 \\ 0, & |x| > 1, \end{cases}$$

Hence prove that $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin^4 x}{x^4} dx = \frac{\pi}{3}$.

Or

14. Find
- $f(x)$
- of its Fourier sine transform is
- $\frac{8}{s^2 + 1}$
- .

15. Solve
- $z^2(p^2 + q^2 + 1) = c^2$
- .

Or

16. Solve
- $(pq - p - q)(z - px - qy) = pq$
- .

17. In a normal distribution 7% of the items are under 35 and 10% of the items are above 55. Calculate the mean and variance.

Or

18. Fit a Binomial distribution to the following frequency distribution:

x	:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
f	:	13	25	52	58	32	16	4

19. Two independent samples of size 7 and 8 item here the following values:

Sample I	:	10	12	10	14	10	9	8	
Sample II	:	9	11	11	13	15	9	12	14

Do the estimates of means of population differ significantly at 5% level of significance.

Or

20. The mean life time of a sample of 9 items is 49.11 and standard deviation 2.47. Does this mean value differ significantly from the assured mean value 47.5.

(5 × 12 = 60 marks)

G 1558

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Reg. No.....

Name.....

B.TECH. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2016

Fourth Semester

Branch : Information Technology

IT 010 403—COMPUTER ORGANISATION AND ARCHITECTURE (IT)

(New Scheme—2010 Admission onwards)

[Regular/Improvement/Supplementary]

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 100 Marks

Part A

*Answer all questions.
Each question carries 3 marks.*

1. Explain the differences between assembly language programming and Machine language programming.
2. Explain how interrupts affect instruction cycle.
3. Explain the Memory hierarchy.
4. What are the ports ? Explain serial and parallel port.
5. Explain briefly the issues in Interconnection Network.

(5 × 3 = 15 marks)

Part B

*Answer all questions.
Each question carries 5 marks.*

6. Explain the functional components of a computer.
7. What is a control unit ? Describe in detail Hard wired control unit.
8. Differentiate between SRAM and DRAM memory.
9. Write notes on serial and parallel port.
10. Explain Instruction level parallelism.

(5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Part C

*Answer all questions.
Each full question carries 12 marks.*

11. (a) Explain the different addressing modes. Give examples.

Or

- (b) What are the typical elements of a machine instruction ? Explain.

Turn over

12. (a) What are memory sub systems ? Explain the organization of a memory chip.

Or

(b) What is virtual memory ? Explain virtual memory address translation.

13. (a) Explain the design of Hard wired control unit.

Or

(b) Explain Microprogrammed control unit.

14. (a) Explain briefly the different I/O control mechanisms.

Or

(b) Describe in detail the various input output devices.

15. (a) What is pipelining ? Explain the hazards in pipelining.

Or

(b) Discuss in detail the characteristics and memory organization of multiprocessors.

(5 × 12 = 60 marks)

G 1603

(Pages : 2)

Reg. No.....

Name.....

B.TECH. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2016

Fourth Semester

Branch : Information Technology

LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUITS AND APPLICATIONS (T)

(Old Scheme—Prior to 2010 Admissions)

[Supplementary/Mercy Chance]

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 100 Marks

Part A

Answer all questions.

Each question carries 4 marks.

1. Sketch the frequency response characteristics of a practical op-amp. What is the open-loop bandwidth ?
2. Define CMRR. How can you improve it ?
3. Draw the circuit of an op-amp regenerative comparator and show its voltage transfer characteristics.
4. Compare and contrast the properties of Butterworth and Chebyshev filters.
5. Explain the following for a DAC :
(i) Settling time ; (ii) Conversion time ; and (iii) Resolution.
6. Why the dual slope converters are the slowest ? What are its advantages ?
7. Explain the principle of dual tracking regulator.
8. Draw the circuit of a Zener shunt voltage regulator and explain the necessity of the series resistor R_s .
9. Clearly explain the role of low pass filter in a PLL.
10. Which is usually larger-lock range or capture range ? Give reasons.

(10 × 4 = 40 marks)

Part B

Answer all questions.

Each full question carries 12 marks.

11. Explain the following parameters of op-amp, giving typical values in ideal and practical cases :
(i) Input offset current. (ii) Input bias current.
(iii) CMRR. (iv) PSRR.

Or

Turn over

12. With waveforms and necessary diagrams, explain the working of precision half-wave and full-wave rectifiers.
13. Explain the working of a multiple feedback band pass filter. Derive the design equations for this circuit and design the same for $f_0 = 300$ Hz, $Q = 20$.

Or

14. With an integrator and regenerative comparator, draw a circuit which can generate triangular and square wave voltages. Derive the expressions for its frequency and sweep amplitude.
15. Draw the circuit of a four-quadrant analog multiplier and explain its working.

Or

16. With a circuit diagram, explain the working of a 3 bit flash ADC. What are its drawbacks ?
17. With a neat circuit diagram, drawn using BJT, explain a series pass linear voltage regulator having feedback and overload protection.

Or

18. With neat diagrams and waveforms, explain the working of a switching voltage regulator. Discuss its merits and demerits.
19. Explain any three circuit applications of PLL.

Or

20. (a) Draw and explain IC power amplifier. (4 marks)
- (b) Draw and explain the circuit of a phase comparator used in PLL with necessary waveforms. (8 marks)

[5 × 12 = 60 marks]